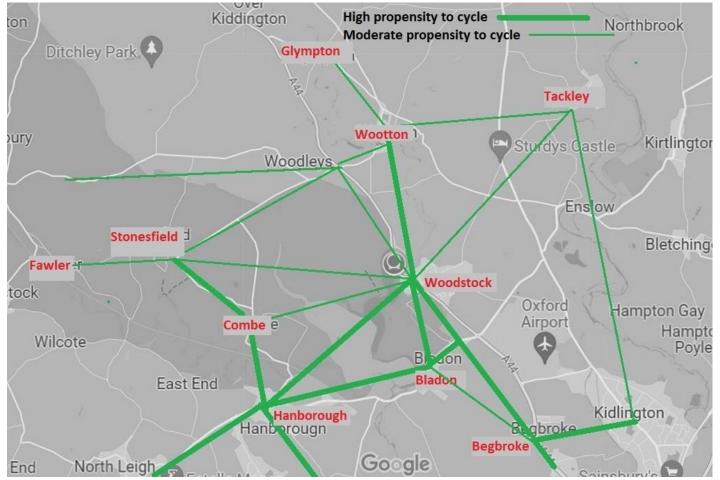
Woodstock and Area LCWIP

Site Visits by OCC and VTN

4th, 5th, 6th, 9th, 11th October 2023

Summary of Site Visits and VTN Appraisals for Cycling and Walking Desire Lines

Woodstock Area LCWIP – Overall VTN Communities Desire Lines and Appraisals



Notes on Appraisals

- 1. Each desire line is split into sections of approx. similar characteristics.
- 2. Each section has a unique reference.
- 3. Routes identified are principally for cycling. Walking routes are included where distances will support a propensity for walking, particularly where they provide connections to public transport.
- 4. Local walking appraisals within Woodstock, Bladon, Hanborough, Combe, Stonesfield with Fawler, and Wootton with Glympton are not included here but are covered in the Village Travel Network Active Travel Plan.
- 5. Routes on desire lines

will inevitably benefit more than one community but the appraisals that follow are not repeated for each village/community e.g. Wootton to Woodstock route appraisal is covered in the "Woodstock" section but are not repeated in the "Wootton" section.

6. The National Cycle Network is abbreviated as NCN. Un-numbered roads are abbreviated to U/C roads. Xing means cross roads. Rbout means roundabout.

Woodstock Desire Lines

- 1. Woodstock to/from Bladon and Hanborough (esp. rail station) High propensity to cycle
 - a. A44 Woodstock to Bladon Rbout 15,000 vpd
 - b. A4095 Bladon Rbout to Bladon village 10,000 vpd
 - c. A4095vBladon Village 10,000 vpd
 - d. A4095 Bladon village to Hanboro rail stn 10,000 vpd
 - e. A4095 Hanboro village onwards 10,000 vpd
- 2. Woodstock to Wootton
 - a) A44 Woodstock to 1st Wootton turn and onwards to B4437 junction 11,000 vpd
 - b) U/C road 1st Wootton turn to Wootton village
 - c) Wootton to Glympton via B4027 and alternative U/C Road Tew Lane
- 3. Woodstock to/from Oxford via Begbroke High propensity to cycle 15,000 vpd +
 - a. A44 Woodstock to Begbroke
 - b. A44 Woodstock to Oxford
- 4. Woodstock to/from Tackley Moderate propensity to Cycle <3000 vpd except A4260 xing at 10,300 vpd
 - a. U/C road Woodstock to Sturdy's Castle incl. Xing of B4027
 - b. A4260 Xing
 - c. U/C road Sturdy's Castle to Tackley village
- 5. Woodstock to/from Stonesfield and Combe Moderate propensity to cycle (esp. "Routes to School")
 - a. A44 Woodstock to B4437 at The Duke
 - b. B4437 The Duke to U/C road at Ditchley Gate
 - c. U/C road Ditchley Gate to Stonesfield
 - d. U/C road to Combe
- 6. Woodstock to/from Charlbury Moderate propensity to cycle (esp. Charlbury to Oxford)
 - a. A44 Woodstock to B4437 at The Duke
 - b. B4437 The Duke to Charlbury

Hanborough Desire Lines

- 7. Hanborough to/from Witney is covered in the Witney LCWIP
- 8. Hanborough to Eynsham High propensity to cycle
 - a. U/C road Hanborough to Eynsham (Lower Road)
 - b. U/C road Long Hanborough to Church Hanborough and then Lower Road to Eynsham
- 9. Hanborough to/from Combe and Stonesfield High propensity to cycle
 - c. U/C road (Swan Hill) Hanborough to Combe Halt rail stn
 - d. U/C road Combe Halt to Combe village
 - e. U/C road Combe village
 - f. U/C road Combe to Stonesfield

Stonesfield Desire Lines

- 10. Stonesfield to/from Fawler. Moderate propensity to cycle
 - a. U/C direct road Stonesfield to/from Fawler
 - b. Alternative U/C road via Evenlode Lane Stonesfield to/from Fawler

Wootton Desire Lines

- 11. Wootton to/from Tackley Moderate propensity to cycle
 - a. U/C road Wootton village to B44027 Milford Bridge
 - b. B4027 Milford Bridge to A4260 Sturdy's Castle
 - c. O/C road Sturdy's Castle to Tackley
- 12. Wootton to/from Glympton Moderate propensity to cycle
 - a. B4027 Wootton to Glympton

Tackley Desire Lines

13. Tackley to/from Kidlington – Moderate propensity to cycle

Begbroke Desire Lines

14. Begbroke to/from Kidlington – High propensity to cycle

Appraisals.

The appraisal for each section of each desire line is judged on the following criteria:-

- Desire Line
- Route Description
- Unique Section Number
- propensity to cycle and/or walk
- section length
- existing traffic flows where available
- existing traffic speed (either speed limit or subjective judgement of typical traffic speed)
- perceived safety for cycling (Sustrans suggests that a cycle route should be suitable for an unaccompanied 12 year old)
- route directness
- environmental aspects such as air quality detriment or improvement, detrimental or positive landscape and heritage affects
- gradient and comfort as suitability for cycling
- onward connectivity to other communities
- alternative routes availability

Sections of the appraisal tables are shaded Green, Yellow or Red to match the scoring system used in the DfT Route Selection Tool for LCWIP. Essentially, Green indicates that for the particular criteria the section of the route is satisfactory for cycling, Yellow means that the section of route can become satisfactory with the addition of minor infrastructure adjustments. Red means that significant infrastructure works are required to make the route suitable for active travel.

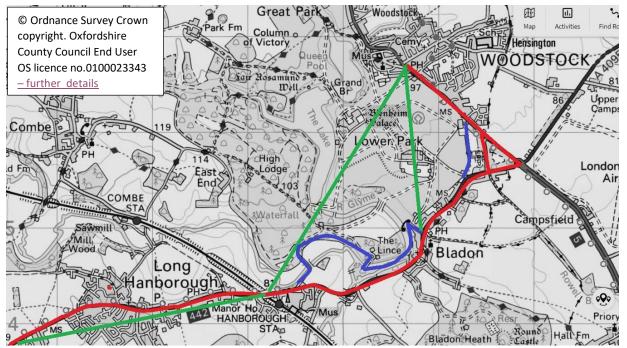
Key to maps:

- Straight green lines show desire line
- Red lines show routes covered in appraisal
- Blue lines represent alternatives

1. Woodstock to/from Bladon and Hanborough (esp. rail station) - High propensity to cycle

- a. A44 Woodstock to Bladon Rbout 15,000 vpd Segregates shared cycle footway throughout
- b. A4095 Bladon Rbout to Bladon village 10,000 vpd No cycle facilities. Unsuitable for cycling
- c. A4095 Bladon Village 10,000 vpd 20 mph limit but very narrow cway and no cycle infrastructure available
- d. A4095 Bladon village to Hanboro rail stn 10,000 vpd Unsafe 50 mph speed limit and no official cycle infrastructure
- e. A4095 Hanboro village onwards 10,000 vpd. Shared segregated cycle footway throughout but multiple junctions etc.

Desire Line 1. Woodstock to/from Bladon						
Route description – A44 via segregated sha	ared cycle footway to E	Bladon Rbout NCN F	Route 5 and then A	4095 on carriagev	vay through	
Bladon to Hanborough. Onwards from Ha	nborough on shared cy	cle footway				
Unique Section Ref No.	1a	1a 1b 1c 1d 1e				
Propensity to cycle	There is a high pr	ropensity for cyclin	g and walking thro	oughout this route	. The rail station	
	at Hanborough is	a draw for commu	iters and onward	travel. The Marlb	orough School	
	draws students f	rom across the wid	er area. The inter	national visitor ce	ntre and World	
	Heritage Site of E	Blenheim Palace dr	aws people from a	wide area. The r	oute connects to	
	Sustrans route 5	towards Oxford or	Banbury and rout	e 51 towards Bice	ster	
Section length m	1400m	1100m	500m	1700m	2000m+	
Existing traffic flows vpd	15400	10000	10000	10000	10000	
Existing traffic speed limits mph	30 and 50	30	20	50	30	
Perceived safety for cycling	Good	<mark>Unsafe</mark>	<mark>Unsafe</mark>	<mark>Unsafe</mark>	Reasonable Programme	
Directness	Direct	<mark>Direct</mark>	Direct	Direct	Direct	
Comfort	<mark>Fair</mark>	<mark>Poor</mark>	<mark>Poor</mark>	<mark>Bad</mark>	<mark>Fair</mark>	
Gradient	<mark>Flat</mark>	<mark>Flat</mark>	<mark>Flat</mark>	<mark>Flat</mark>	<mark>Flat</mark>	
Connectivity	Onward to Begl	broke Kidlington	None	Cassington	Rail stn and	
	Yarntor	Oxford		village	multiple others	
Alternative opportunity	Via contraflow or	n U/C Baldon				
	Chain (popular ur	nauthorised				
	shortcut)					



Commentary: The Woodstock Bladon
Hanborough and onwards route is an essential
part of the active travel rural network and is
already well established on the A4095
between Witney and Hanborough Rail Station.
A new section of segregated cycle track at
North Leigh, expected soon, will complete the
link and provide opportunities for significantly
increased active travel. The NCN Route 5 is
also well established between Oxford and
Woodstock.

The NCN Route 5 from Woodstock to Bladon roundabout is generally satisfactory, but there are concerns about the absence of safe signalised crossings at the roundabout itself. There are more serious issues for cycling

through Bladon between the A44/A4095 roundabout and onwards to Hanborough Rail Station. To overcome this, a shared cycle footway through the village of Bladon is recommended where space allows. Within the 20 mph zone in the village centre a shared use path may not be possible and measures need to be put in place to ensure vehicular traffic are fully aware to expect and accommodate vulnerable road users.

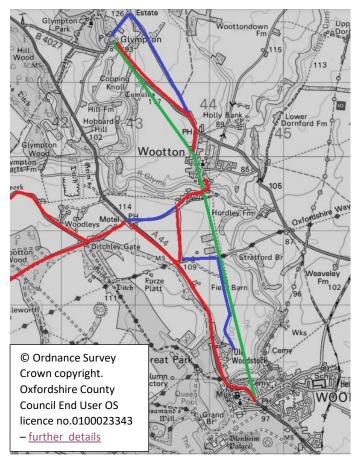
From Bladon to Hanborough the existing footway is presently used on an unofficial basis as a shared use cycle footway. For much of the length in question this is satisfactory but there are significant pinch points that need to be addressed particularly at the Hanborough end where significant carriageway re-alignment is required to accommodate a formal shared use segregated facility.

Blenheim encourage visitors to arrive by public transport to Hanborough station and they have bike hire available at the station. Some limited availability to cycle within Blenheim Park represent a valuable alternative to the A4095. However, these routes are permissive and conditional.

2. Woodstock to/from Wootton – High propensity to cycle

- a. A44 Woodstock to 1st Wootton turn and onwards to B4437 junction. 11,000 vpd and 50 mph and unsuitable as a cycling route
- b. U/C road 1st Wootton turn to Wootton village. Mainly local traffic and reasonable for cycling with some minor modifications

Desire Line 2: Woodstock to/from Woott	on		
Route Description: There is no segregated	cycle facility. In Woodstock town there is a 3	0 mph speed limit but the carriageway is	
substandard in width and alignment, there	e are significant gradients, and footways are ve	ery narrow (<than 1m="" in="" north="" of="" places).="" td="" the<=""></than>	
town vehicular speeds are high and there	is no segregated cycle facility		
Unique Section Ref	2a	2b	
Propensity to cycle	There is a high propensity to cycle betw	een Wootton and Woodstock, the latter being	
	the main service centre for schools, sho	ps, medical and pharmacy services and some	
	leisure activities. The A44 also gives acc	cess to premium bus services for Oxford	
Section length	1000m	1200m	
Existing traffic flows	12000 vpd	Not available (est. <2000)	
Existing traffic speeds	30 in town and 50 beyond town	Not available	
Perceived safety for cycling	Unsafe	Reasonable – mainly local traffic	
Directness	<mark>Direct</mark>	<mark>Direct</mark>	
Comfort	Very poor	<mark>Fair</mark>	
Gradient	<mark>Flat</mark>	Steep gradient on narrow hills within village	
Connectivity	Onwards via B4437 to Stonesfield and	Local only	
	Charlbury. Also links to Oxfordshire Way	<u>/</u>	
	long distance trail which crosses A44 at 3	1 st	
	Wootton turn		
Alternatives and/or additional routes	An alternative (partly) off-road cycle pedestrian route is offered by Blenheim as part of their current Hill Rise development. See detail in VTN Active Travel Plan		



Lane to a "quiet lane".

Commentary: NCN Route 5 alongside the A44 primary route, effectively terminates as a convenient routine active travel route, at Woodstock (it does continues but off-road on an inadequate, indirect and uncomfortable route). The demand therefore for a good segregated shared use cycle footway north from Woodstock, alongside the A44, to link to its nearest neighbour, Wootton, the long distance Oxfordshire Way and to the B4437 for Charlbury and Stonesfield in imperative.

The route will require a safe crossing point for pedestrians and cyclists at 1st Wootton turn. Beyond the 1st Wootton turn, the carriageway of the unclassified road to Wootton will be reasonable for cycling and walking with the addition of some warning lines and signs, particularly on the steep and narrow hill at West End (which is within the 20 mph zone)

Residents of Wootton frequently use "first mile, last mile" active travel to reach the A44 to use the frequent S3 bus service to Oxford. Better facilities are therefore required including a bus shelter and secure storage for bikes at the A44/B4437 crossroads and at the A44/1st Wootton turn. An alternative public transport solution would be for Stagecoach to re-route the S3 away from the A44 around the triangle and to relocate the bus stop closer to the village (which is where the bus used to be routed).

The alternative, partly off-highway route, between Woodstock and Wootton and shown in blue on the plan is likely to be promoted as part of the proposed housing development in Old Woodstock. It would benefit from the downgrading of Stratford

3. Woodstock to/from Oxford via Begbroke - High propensity to cycle

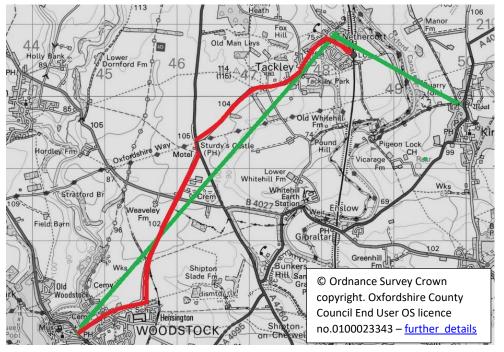
- a) A44 Woodstock to Begbroke fully segregated cycle/footways throughout
- b) A44 Woodstock to Oxford fully segregated cycle/footways throughout

Desire Route 3: Woodstock to/from Oxfo	ord via Begbroke – High propensity to cycle	
Route Description: The desire route follow	vs the A44 Primary route through Begbroke and Ya	arnton to Oxford. Major new active travel
and public transport improvements have re	ecently been completed on this route in North Oxf	ord
Unique Section Ref	3a	3b
Propensity to cycle	There is a high propensity to cycle (less to w	alk) on this NCN Route 5 for commuting and
	utility cycling to Oxford and Kidlington	
Section Length	3600m	3600m to A40 jumc.
Existing traffic flows	15,000 +	15,000 to 26,000
Existing traffic speeds	70 and 50	50 and 30
Perceived safety for cycling	Safe route (segregated throughout). Some	Safe route (segregated throughout). Some
	difficult junctions/crossings	difficult junctions/crossings
Directness	<mark>Direct</mark>	<mark>Direct</mark>
Comfort	<mark>Fair</mark>	<mark>Fair</mark>
Gradient	<mark>Flat</mark>	<mark>Flat</mark>
Connectivity	Connections to Kidlington	Connections to Kidlington
Alternatives and/or additional routes		NCN Route 5 from Yarnton to Oxford is off
		road and follows the Oxford canal

Commentary: The present segregated cycle route is largely satisfactory despite ongoing criticisms concerning the routine maintenance (both cyclic and structural) of the route. South of Yarnton cyclists can choose between following the public road network on segregated cycle tracks or off-road alongside the Oxford canal (NCN route 5). Cycle and pedestrian connections between Yarnton and Kidlington require protecting in the light of Network Rail's proposals for possible closures of level crossings at Sandy Lane and Kidlington.

- 4. Woodstock to/from Tackley Moderate propensity to Cycle
 - a) U/C road Woodstock to Sturdy's Castle
 - b) A4260 Crossing
 - c) U/C road Sturdy's Castle to Tackley village

Desire Line 4: Woodstock to/from Tackley – N	Moderate propensity to Cycle <	3000 vpd except A4260 xing at	10,300 vpd
Route Description: The route between Tackle	y and Woodstock is chiefly on u	inclassified roads of reasonable	width and alignment. There
is a steep hill by St Nicholas church in Tackley.	The particular difficulty discoun	raging active travel is the dange	erous crossing of the A4260 at
Sturdy's Castle (10,300 vpd).			
Unique Section Ref	4a	4b	4c
Propensity to cycle: There is a moderate prop	ensity to cycle between Tackle	y and Woodstock. There is no	public transport between
the two communities and Woodstock is a sigr	nificant service centre for Tackl	ey particularly in respect of se	condary schooling, medical
services and shops.			
Section length	2900m	100m	2000m
Existing traffic flows	N/A	10,300 vpd	N/A
Existing traffic speeds	Reasonable	60 mph	Reasonable
Perceived safety for cycling	Reasonable subject to some	Unsafe – presently extreme	Reasonable subject to some
	warning lines and signs and	care is required to cross	warning lines and signs and
	to safety measures at X rds	A4260 – see commentary	additional pedestrian
	with B4027	<mark>below</mark>	facilities on Church Hill
Directness	<u>Direct</u>	<mark>Direct</mark>	<mark>Direct</mark>
Comfort	Reasonable Reasonable	<mark>Poor</mark>	Reasonab;e
Gradient	<mark>Flat</mark>	<mark>Flat</mark>	Steep hill. No alternative
			readily available. Additional
			warning and improved ped
			facilities required
Connectivity Tackley to Kirtlington see commentary below.			
	Tackley to Kidlington and Oxford via express bus service from Sturdy's Castle		
Alternatives and/or additional routes			



Commentary: There is a moderate propensity to cycle between Tackley and Woodstock. Woodstock is the nearest service centre for the Marlborough secondary school, medical centre, pharmacy, supermarket, library etc. Residents are dissuaded from active travel by the dangerous crossing of the high speed A4260. If nothing else is addressed on this desire line, the A4260 must be made safer. A speed limit combined with the conversion of the present right turning ghost islands into physical islands is suggested as a possible option.

Tackley rail station attracts some first mile last mile active travellers as the station serves Banbury, Coventry and Birmingham as well as Oxford and London whereas Hanborough serves Worcester as well as Oxford and London.

There is also a modest desire line between Tackley and Kirtlington and is accessed via a bridleway (not included in the above appraisal table). Currently the bridleway is inaccessible due to

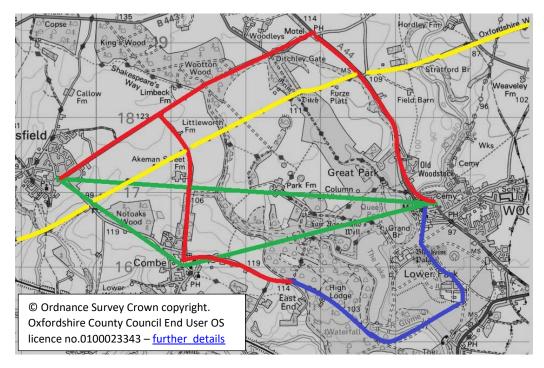
Network Rail's closure of the level crossing. A temporary overbridge is provided but is not accessible by bike. This needs to be addressed by OCC and Network Rail

5. Woodstock to/from Stonesfield and Combe – Moderate propensity to cycle (esp. "Routes to School")

- a) A44 Woodstock to B4437 at The Duke
- b) B4437 The Duke to U/C road at Ditchley Gate
- c) U/C road Ditchley Gate to Stonesfield
- d) Either U/C road to Combe or continue U/C road to Stonesfield

Route Description	From Woodstock, the route is on the A44 to B4437 junction, then on B4027 to the junction			
Trodice Beson priori			oad. For Combe, the r	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
	-			
			nto Combe. For Stones	sneid continue on
	Woodstock Road into	o Stonesfield		
Unique Section Ref	4a	4b	4c	4d
Propensity to cycle	Connectivity between	n Stonesfield, Comb	e and Woodstock is no	t good. It is not direct
	having to circumven	t Blenheim Park and	requires travelling on	the busy and fast A44
	and the fast (though	less busy) Woodsto	k Road Stonesfield. T	here is, nevertheless, a
		• •	dstock's position as a	
Section length	2000m	600m	3300m	3500m
Existing traffic flows	10,300 vpd	N/A	N/A	N/A
Existing traffic speeds	50	N/A	N/A but fast	N/A
Perceived safety for cycling	<mark>Unsafe</mark>	<mark>Unsafe</mark>	<mark>Unsafe</mark>	Reasonable
Directness	<mark>Poor</mark>	Poor	<mark>Poor</mark>	Poor
Comfort	<mark>Poor</mark>	<mark>Poor</mark>	<mark>Poor</mark>	<mark>Fair</mark>
Gradient	<mark>Flat</mark>	<mark>Flat</mark>	<mark>Flat</mark>	<mark>Flat</mark>
Connectivity	Connectivity to			
	Wotton and onward			
	connectivity to			
	Charlbury			
Alternatives and/or additional routes	A direct alternative r	A direct alternative route through Blenheim Park has been made available following		
	discussions between	Blenheim Estates, M	arlborough School Wo	odstock and Stonesfield

Parish Council, It is a permissive route only and was set up for COVID protection for school children and parents only. The VTN is keen to see this arrangement broadened to include all local residents and discussions continue. However, such a route will always be a permissive alternative and should not be at the expense of a safe public highway route.



Commentary: Although the lack of a direct route from Stonesfield and Combe to Woodstock, coupled with the distance, the propensity to cycle may be considered moderate. However, the "attraction" of Woodstock as a local service centre is strong and the secondary connectivity to Wootton and Charlbury suggest that significant increases in active travel will occur given an improved highway infrastructure (especially the provision of a segregated cycle footway alongside the A44)

The road from the A44 to Stonesfield is straight and encourages unusually high speeds. If these can be restrained the use of Woodstock Road would become reasonable with the provision of appropriate lines and signs.

The permissive route through Blenheim is currently in use by students from Marlborough Secondary School Woodstock and it is hoped that this can be made available more

generally for local people. It would benefit from Park Road, Combe being designated as a "Quiet Lane".

The yellow line on the plan is the Oxfordshire Way long distance path

- 6. Woodstock to/from Charlbury Moderate propensity to cycle (esp. Charlbury to Oxford)
 - a) A44 Woodstock to B4437 at The Duke
 - b) B4437 The Duke to Charlbury

Desire Line 6: Woodstock to/from Charlbury – Moderate propensity to cycle (esp. Charlbury to Oxford)				
Route Description: From Woodstock the route follows the A44 to its junction with the B4437. It then follows the B4437 to Charlbury				
Unique Section Ref	6a	6b		
Propensity to cycle	Although the propensity to cycle can only l	be predicted as moderate, the population of		
	Charlbury ensures a significant level of acti	ive travel demand (actual or suppressed).		
	Much of this will be destined for Oxford ar	d this route via B4437, A44, and Woodstock is		
	the shortest and most attractive and comf	the shortest and most attractive and comfortable route		
Section length	2000m	6700m		
Existing traffic flows	11,000 vpd	2500 vpd		
Existing traffic speeds	30 in Woodstock 50 north of Woodstock	50 mph		
Perceived safety for cycling	Unsafe	<mark>Fair</mark>		
Directness	<mark>Direct</mark>	<mark>Direct</mark>		
Comfort	Reasonable	Reasonable Reasonable		
Gradient	Flat	One moderate hill climb		
Connectivity	Multiple links available within and beyond this loner distance desire line – See Charlbury			
	LCWIP, Chiping Norton LCWIP and the Oxfordshire Strategic Active Travel Network (SATN)			
Alternatives and/or additional routes				

No plan provided. See Charlbury LCWIP.

Commentary: Cycling between Charlbury and Woodstock is perhaps not for the faint-hearted. But for the young and fit it does represent a significant commuter route to Oxford. Charlbury to Oxford via Woodstock is 15 miles and via North Leigh and Eynsham is 15.2 miles. Except for the A44 between the B4437 junction and Bladon Rbout it is a more attractive and comfortable route and so the suppressed demand adds to the propensity within the A44 corridor generally. Charlbury LCWIP should be picking this suppressed demand up.

Hanborough Desire Lines

Perceived safety for cycling

Environmental factors

Directness

- 7. Hanborough to/from Witney is covered in the Witney LCWIP
- 8. Hanborough to Eynsham High propensity to cycle
 - a) U/C road Hanborough to Eynsham (Lower Road)
 - b) U/C road Hanborough to Church Hanborough and then Lower Road to Eynsham.

Unsafe

Direct

Desire Line 8: Hanborough to Eynsham U/C	road Hanborough to Eynsham (Lower Road)		
Route Description: There are two main routes	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	
The other is from the eastern end of Hanborou		•	
narrow section under the railway overbridge.		•	
now have a major new Park and Ride facility fo	or Oxford. So the proposed Salt Cross developr	nent at Eynsham will inevitably create a high	
propensity to cycle between the two villages.			
Unique Section Ref	8a	8b	
Propensity to cycle	High propensity to cycle that will significantly increase further due to the Eynsham Park		
and Ride, the development of Salt Cross and the upgrading of the Cotswold Line and			
Hanborough rail hub.			
Section Length	5000m	5100m	
Existing traffic flows	Very high on Lower Road	Reasonable in Church Rd to Lower Rd	
Existing traffic speeds	60	30 and 60	

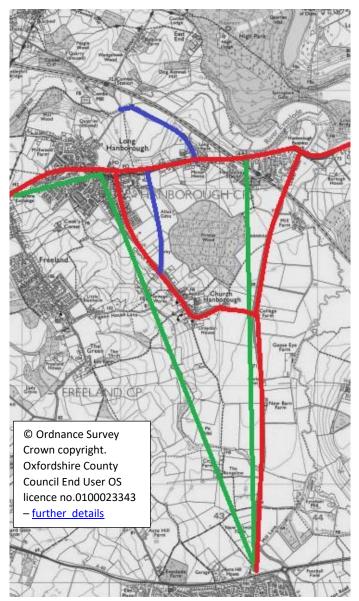
Flat Flat
Via Pigeon House Lane for connections to Freeland. Connections north to Combe and
Stonesfield. Connections east to Bladon and Woodstock. Connections west to Witney
See plan: Additional cycle/footway routes via Park Lane for travel to Combe and
Stonesfield (particularly for Hanborough rail station). Additional cycle/footway on existing
bridleway (the "coffin path") between Church and Long Hanborough.

Poor

Reasonable with care

Fair then Poor

Direct



Commentary: The future propensity for cycling is very high as a result of the expected growth of Hanborough Rail Stn. as a significant rail hub, the development of Salt Cross housing at Eynsham, and the new Park and Ride at Eynsham. It is essential that S 106 or CIL funding is identified for a fully segregated cycle footway following the line of Lower Road. The road at present is dangerous with a high volume of HGV and commercial traffic and a 60 mph speed limit. Detailed arrangements will be required at the railway overbridge over Lower Road where the carriageway is very narrow. There is also a significant desire line between the centre of Hanborough and Eynsham that requires to be accommodated via Church Hanborough. This carries less traffic but, nevertheless, requires some calming or other facilities to improve cycle safety

The existing path, known locally as the "Coffin Path" between Church Road, Hanborough and the A4095 is a useful shortcut between Church and Long Hanborough and can quite easily be widened and the surface improved to make this a more comfortable route. The landowner is Blenheim who can be expected to consider this proposal positively.

Similarly, there is a useful link via Park Lane that meets the needs of the local desire line between Combe, Stonesfield and Hanborough Rail Stn.. Like the "Coffin Path" this is a bridleway that is already available for cycling but requires widening and the surface improved to make a more comfortable route.

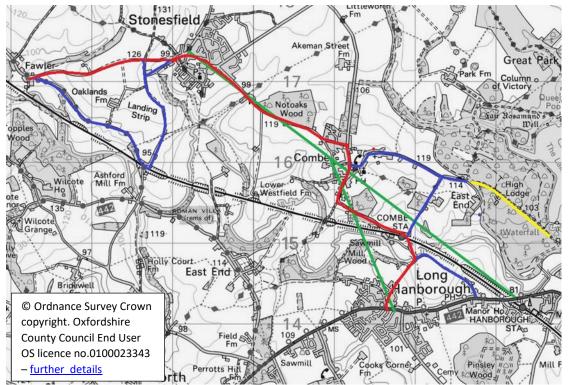
The desire line west between Hanborough and Witney is already provided for by a segregated cycle footway throughout (a short missing link is about to be provided at North Leigh). Some maintenance and minor local adjustments are also required.

Pigeon House Lane could usefully be down-graded to become a "Quiet Lane" to facilitate active travel between Freeland and Hanborough (not shown on map).

9. Hanborough to/from Combe and Stonesfield – High propensity to cycle

- a) U/C road (Swan Hill) Hanborough to Combe Halt rail stn
- b) U/C road Combe Halt to Combe village
- c) U/C road Combe village
- d) U/C road Combe to Stonesfield

Desire Line 9: Hanborough to/from Combe and Stonesfield – High propensity to cycle				
rough and Combe/Stor	nesfield is generally rea	isonable for cycling and	d walking but traffic	
n and alignment of the	carriageway. There is	cycle lane markings no	r is there a footway. In	
rrow and there is no ve	rge to "escape" from t	raffic.		
9a	9b	9c	9d	
There is a high prope	nsity to cycle betweer	these communities a	s distances are modest	
and traffic is mostly I	ight			
1050m	1200m	n/a	1300m	
Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	
30/60	60	20	60	
Reasonable with	Reasonable with	Safe	Reasonable with	
<mark>care</mark>	care		<mark>care</mark>	
Direct (but see	Direct	Direct	Direct	
Commentary)				
Poor	<mark>Fair</mark>	Good	<mark>Fair</mark>	
Steep gradients on	Gradient	Good	Steep gradients	
Swan Lane and Park				
Lane bridleway				
Limited onward connectivity to Fawler and Charlbury				
Alternative to Swan Lane is Park Lane bridleway (more direct for Hanboro rail stn)				
	rough and Combe/Storm and alignment of the corrow and there is no very 9a There is a high proper and traffic is mostly 1 1050m Moderate 30/60 Reasonable with care Direct (but see Commentary) Poor Steep gradients on Swan Lane and Park Lane bridleway Limited onward conn	rough and Combe/Stonesfield is generally read and alignment of the carriageway. There is a rrow and there is no verge to "escape" from the gate of the grown of the carriageway. There is a solution of the carriageway. There is a possible of the grown of the care of the care of the grown of the care of the grown of the grown of the care of the grown of the grown of the grown of the care of the grown of the	rough and Combe/Stonesfield is generally reasonable for cycling and and alignment of the carriageway. There is cycle lane markings no rrow and there is no verge to "escape" from traffic. 9a 9b 9c There is a high propensity to cycle between these communities a and traffic is mostly light 1050m 1200m n/a Moderate Moderate Moderate 30/60 60 20 Reasonable with Reasonable with care care Direct (but see Commentary) Poor Fair Good Steep gradients on Swan Lane and Park Lane bridleway Limited onward connectivity to Fawler and Charlbury	



Commentary: Connectivity between Hanborough, Combe and Stonesfield is straightforward and greater use of active travel can be encouraged through modest improvement to the existing infrastructure. There are, however, some local issues.

Swan Hill at Hanborough is steep and narrow with no verges or footways. Pedestrians and cyclists feel insecure on this section. From Combe Halt to Combe village the gradient is less steep and the carriageway is wider, but this encourages somewhat higher vehicular speeds. Between Combe and Stonesfield there are steep hills on either side of the valley. Between Stonesfield and Fawler there is a further steep gradient. Active travel throughout this route would be encouraged by lower speeds.

An alternative exists between Fawler and Stonesfield along Evenlode Lane and this could easily be down-

graded to a quiet lane. Similarly, Park Lane between Combe and Blenheim and on down to Combe Halt could be down-graded to a quiet lane. This would facilitate any future permissive and/or restricted route within Blenheim Park for onward connectivity to Woodstock.

For walking in Stonesfield there are some concerns at the lack of footways in Pond Hill and The Ridings. A shared surface or some other form of delineation would help provide security to pedestrians. In and around Combe village the situation is generally good for pedestrians. However, there is a need for a shared surface or some other form of delineation in Hornes Hil (aka Robin Hill) near the primary school. This section of carriageway is narrow and busy, especially at school times. There is scope for some limited signage near the kindergarten on Park Road. However, both Stonesfield and Combe are conscious of their conservation status and do wish to see undue signage "clutter".

Stonesfield Desire Lines are covered above as Woodstock to/from Stonesfield and Hanborough to/from Stonesfield.

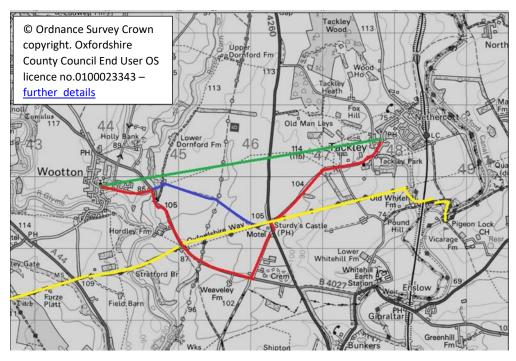
- 10. Stonesfield to/from Fawler. Moderate propensity to cycle
 - a. U/C direct road Stonesfield to/from Fawler
 - b. Alternative U/C road via Evenlode Lane Stonesfield to/from Fawler (see above section Hanborough to/from Combe Stonesfield)

Wootton Desire Lines

- 11. Wootton to/from Tackley Moderate propensity to cycle
 - a. U/C road Wootton village to B44027 Milford Bridge
 - b. B4027 Milford Bridge to A4260 Sturdy's Castle
 - c. U/C road Sturdy's Castle to Tackley

Desire Line 11: Wootton to/from Tackley – Low to moderate propensity to cycle				
Route Description: The on road route is on Milford Lane to B4027, then B4027 to Weaveley cross roads, then U/C road to Sturdys Castle				
(A4260), then cross A4260 and continu	ue on U/C road to Tackley village			
Unique Section Ref	11a	11b	11c	
Propensity to cycle	Low to moderate prope	ensity to cycle (primary school age c	hildren from Wootton attend	
	Tackley school)	Tackley school)		
Section length	600m	2600m	1200m	
Existing traffic flows	No Data	3200 vpd	No data	
Existing traffic speeds	Reasonable	60 mph	Reasonable	
Perceived safety for cycling	Safe	Unsafe	Reasonable	
Directness	<mark>Direct</mark>	<mark>Direct</mark>	<mark>Direct</mark>	
Comfort	<mark>Fair</mark>	Poor	<mark>Fair</mark>	
Gradient	Fair Fair	Difficult – steep gradient on	Steep gradient into Tackley	
		busy road	village	

Connectivity	Limited onward connectivity	
Alternatives and/or additional routes	An alternative route would be to follow the off-road bridleway between Milford Bridge	
	and Sturdy's Castle but see commentary below.	



significant hill on the busy B4027

Commentary: Active travel on the B4027 is unsafe and uncomfortable. Vehicular speeds are high and there is a steep incline from Milford bridge.

The dangerous crossing of the A4260 is covered under Woodstock to Tackley desire lines and involves significant expenditure to render the crossing safe.

The onward route on U/C road to Tackley is reasonable and requires lines and signs and consideration of a rural speed limit. Tackley itself is safe and the current 20 mph speed limits is satisfactory.

An alternative off-road route is feasible from Milford Bridge to Tackley and improvements are, for the most part, straightforward. However, there is a very difficult short section on a very steep incline from Milford Bridge. Although this can be circumvented via a short detour, the detour involves a

12. Wootton to/from Glympton – Moderate propensity to cycle

a. B4027 Wootton to Glympton is covered in the Woodstock and Wootton desire line sections

13.Tackley Desire Lines

a. Tackley to/from Kidlington – Moderate propensity to cycle

There is no detail here for Tackley to Kidlington. It has been suggested that there is an option for active travel following the Oxford Canal. However, this may be beyond the direct purview of OCC and so is not considered here within this submission from the Village Travel Network.

Otherwise, cycling to Kidlington involves significant distances on A4260 which does not, at present, provide a safe and effective cycling experience.

Nevertheless, although there is a good 30 minutes interval bus service from Tackley to Kidlington. some pedestrians, and potentially some cyclists, catch the express bus service that runs on A4260 as an alternative suggesting that safe and secure bike parking is necessary at Sturdy's Castle.

14. Begbroke Desire Lines

- a) Begbroke to/from Kidlington High propensity to cycle and walk
- b) Begbroke to Woodstock/Hanborough and Oxford covered elsewhere



Commentary: Commentary: Begbroke is well served for cycling by Sustrans NCN Route 5 south to Oxford and north to Woodstock with connections for Bladon, Hanborough and west.

There are two off-road options for cycling and walking to meet the Begbroke to Kidlington Travel Desire Line as shown on the plan. Both require a difficult level crossing of the main Network Rail Oxford Birmingham line. There is an alternative via Sandy Lane Yarnton and the level crossing there is planned for closure and replacement with a pedestrian overbridge. This route also provides for onward connectivity for Oxford Parkway (London Marylebone) and Sustrans NCN Route 51 for Bicester.

There are concerns in Begbroke in relation to lack of safe pedestrian crossing points across the busy A44 dual carriageway and these require identification and further study.

The possible bridleway improvement between Bladon and Begbroke was briefly discussed and recorded but some uncertainty as to the desirability on environmental grounds.

Desire Line: 14 Begbroke to/from Kidlington – High propensity to cycle and walk				
Route Description: Two good off-road routes exist for cycling and walking to/from Kidlington (see plan)				
Unique Section Ref	Begbroke to Kidlington Begbroke to Oxford/Woodstock Sustrans			
		NCN Route 5		
Propensity to cycle	High propensity to cycle and walk as distant	ce is short and Kidlington is a significant		
	service centre for the small parish of Begbro	ke. However, there is a difficult railway level		
	crossing to be negotiated. A longer, alternat	ive route via Sandy Lane Yarnton also includes		
	a level crossing that is scheduled for closure	by Network Rail and replacement with a		
	footbridge suitable for cycles. Connectivity t	footbridge suitable for cycles. Connectivity to Woodstock and Oxford via NCN Route 5 is		
	already in place and reasonably served for cy	already in place and reasonably served for cycling.		
Section length	2.2Km	Woodstock 3Km Oxford 9Km		
Existing traffic flows	Off-road	15,000 vpd		
Existing traffic speeds	Off road	Segregated – C'way speeds 50 mph		
Perceived safety for cycling	<mark>Safe</mark>	<mark>Safe</mark>		
Directness	<mark>Direct</mark>	<mark>Direct</mark>		
Comfort	<mark>Good</mark>	<mark>Good</mark>		
Gradient	<mark>Flat</mark>	<mark>Flat</mark>		
Connectivity	Good connectivity onwards to NCN Rt 51	Good connectivity for Baldon Hanboro		
Alternatives and/or additional routes	Sandy Lane Yarnton (see Commentary)			

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